Manifesto Analysis: Four parties

	Ma		festo An		nce	
S 1 Poverty	SOCIAL TOPIC GRANTS	CONGRUENCE	Use Social Relief of Distress grants as mechanism towards phasing in a basic income support grant.	Increase child support grant to official food poverty line.	Redefine social development from being perceived as public assistance to emphasise economic, social, and political	Basic Income Grant above poverty line for all not able to work.
₩ * * *	LAND REFORM GRA			Extend child grant to cover pregnant mothers. Streamline disability specific grants to screen applicants at the beginning of the process and make it faster for people with disabilities to get medical assessment. Convert Social Relief of Distress Grant into a Job Seekers Grant requiring recipients to activistly seek work opportunities. Protect private ownership of land as outlined in section 25 of the Constitution.		Increase Child Support Grant to food poverty line. Increase old-age pension and disability grant to minimum wage. Expropriating all land without compensation, transferring ownership to people under the custodianship of the state and traditional leaders. Equally distribute farmland and divide it up on an equal basis among the farming population.
2 ZERO HUNGER	FOOD SECURITY		Lower the cost of food through VAT exemption on essential items.	Expand zero-rated food basket and conduct regular reviews on VAT zero-rated items. Promoting food gardens to empower communities to independently enhance household food security, well- being and sources of income. Utilising food hubs to reduce food insecurity and malnutrition. A food hub is an organisation or business that aggregates, distributes, and markets locally sourced and regionally produced foods.	Implement a land reform programme without compensation that transfers 50% of land to black South Africans. Introduce restrictions on foreign land ownership (land use rights), aiming at hoarding of land multinationals and billionaires. Clarify the land administration powers of traditional leadership. Create a state-owned stocking company to guarantee food security for all. Municipalities will be allocated adequate resources to pursue off-grid & microgrid solutions linked directly with abattoirs, poultry, farms and irrigation forms to maintain food security.	
3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	NATIONAL HEALTH INSURANCE		Implement NHI.	Against NHI, introduce social reinsurance for medical schemes - a public programme to transfer risks that individual insurers find difficult to cover. All primary insurers (medical schemes) to participate.Introduce risk-equalisation strategy for medical schemes - transfer funds between health insurance plans to adjust for expected costs of medical care, treating all plans as part of one large fund.Establish independent watchdog for health entities - supervise all regulators, key hospitals, key health services and health districts.Establish Independent National Health Appointments Authority to ensure autonomy of supervisory structures.Ensure all capital expenditure financed and controlled by healthcare facility administrators.Develop national health workers plan to identify skills shortages and ensure sufficient staff.	The EFF government will focus on Primary Health Care to improve health outcomes The government will create legislation that enables universal health coverage that's equitable and people centred. Create more equity-oriented health policies, programmes and practices to increase life expectancy Will adopt a pluralistic and integrated approach to health governance.	Implement NHI to redistribute resources away from expensive private healthcare system. Establish state pharmaceutical company. Drive medical pluralism for access to alternative and traditional African healthcare in public and private facilities.
4 QUALITY EDUCATION	EARLY CHILDHOOD DEVELOPMENT		Ensure universal access to quality early child development by 2030.		Make ECD free and compulsory for children three years of age. By 2027, the EFF government will train 40 000 ECD practitioners, 50% being drawn from the women and youth cluster group.	Ensure free, mandatory, high- quality education from early childhood to postgraduate level to boost human capital and research capability Ensure that all schools and early education centres will serve breakfast, lunch, and an after- school meal for all children.
			Offer more lifelong learning opportunities. Foster a culture of reading,	Implement a Time-on-	Initiate a country-wide literacy campaign that equips citizens with basic skills to increase the literacy level to 98% in 2025. Ensure access to Adult education Programmes for people who did not complete secondary education. Foster a culture of reading,	Ensure that the education system encourages lifelong learning and continuous improvement of teaching and learning skills.
	LITERACY AND NUMERACY		Foster a culture of reading, numeracy and technological skills.	Implement a Time-on- Task philosophy, and break curriculum down in terms of this philosophy. Devote first two hours of each day in Foundation Phase to reading and writing skills. Devote one hour per day in Foundation Phase to numeracy skills. Introduce national literacy and	Foster a culture of reading, numeracy and technological skills from grade R	
	MOTHER TONGUE EDUCATION	•••		numeracy test at the end of the Foundation Phase. Ensure right to mother tongue education where parent communities opt for it.	Introduce indigenous languages as the foundation of the education system in all provinces. Make sign language compulsory for primary scholars.	Establish indigenous languages as mandatory official languages taught in schools, used in higher education, legal proceedings and all official state communication.
	EDUCATIONAL INFRASTRUCTURE		Fast track the public provision of student residences, using current expenditure on subsidies from NSFAS, to address the backlog in student accommodation.	Ensure all schools have internet access.	Decolonise the education curriculum and introduce include indigenous knowledge and economic freedom topics The government will eradicate school structures that are built with inappropriate building material, for example, mud Ensure that all schools have	Ensure that as part of a mass state-led infrastructure build all infrastructure meet minimum norms and standards within 5 years.
	EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS			Strengthen District Office with appropriate staff, incl. psychologists, social workers, audiologists and optometrists. Test teacher competence after initial training. Independent national tests at the end of grades 3, 6 and 9 to assess literacy and numeracy. Establish School Evaluation Authorities to independently evaluate school.	 proper sanitation, therefore implementing flush toilets in all schools. In 2026, current schools to have modern facilities, including a gym, library, science lab and a well-resourced computer lab. Build new classrooms that enable a 1:30 primary school teacher : student ratio and 1:25 secondary school teacher- student ratio Reopen the closed teaching and nursing colleges and build five new ones for each. Enforce laws that make Educational Apps use zero-rated data. Facilitate the digitalisation of all tertiary institutions. Make tertiary education at a TVET college, vocational centre or university compulsory after secondary school. 	Ensure that education system is free and compulsory from kindergarten to post-graduate education.
	AND		Expand vocational and technical training in schools and post school institutions and build	Expand Collaboration Schools, partnerships between school communities and independent educational experts and funders.	The EFF government will provide free learning material which will also be available in at least three indigenous languages. Establish satellite campuses for specific university's that link up with community initiatives in the mining, agriculture and engineering sectors Building student residences for all TVET colleges and universities.	
	DN TVET COLLEGES AND VOCATIONAL TRAINING		additional TVET and community colleges.	Improve links between DBE and the TVET sector. Change NSFAS into a tiered system of bursaries and loans.	Provide free education (scholarships) for first bachelor's	
	AND HIGHER EDUCATION IENT FUNDING		Increase research and development spending and prioritise areas like	Establish effective NSFAS debt collection system through collaboration with SARS, the Credit Bureau and potential employers, and propose students pay back a portion based on their income. Invest in research and innovation.	degree programmes and offer 10,000 scholarships to study abroad. The EFF government will triple the contribution towards Research & Development.	Increase research and development investment to 2% of GDP.
	RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT		industrialisation, climate change and technologies like virtual reality, augmented reality, blockchain, artificial intelligence and the internet of things. Support innovation in green technologies, climate change adaptation and mitigation, and decarbonisation programmes.		Provide adequate remuneration for tertiary education personnel. Allocate more funding to research various topics including gender-based violence, HIV/	
5 GENDER EQUALITY	GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE		Implement the National Strategic Plan on Gender-Based Violence and Femicide. Expand victim support services, like the Thuthuzela Centres and GBV desks in police stations.	Train SAPS staff on GBV-specific services to identify GBV cases and to support victims. Provide GBV with healthcare, legal, house and other forms of support.	AIDS, TB, and diabetes. Conduct public education awareness campaigns of GBV. Establish a unit within police and social development that efficiently responds to GBV cases, and decentralising all family violence, child protection and sexual offences units (FCS) to every police station. Ensure that police stations are	Ensure each policy station has a well-resources GBV unit.
			Descend defend the rights	Dramata principilo of gap	trained to handle GBV and have adulate support services on-site. The government will strengthen and resource Forensic Laboratories to DNA evidence processing of GBV be quicker. Introduce new whistle blowing strategies to report sexual offences, harassment and GBV at the workplace.	
	GENDER AND RACIAL DISCRIMINATION		Promote and defend the rights of all South Africans against racism, sexism, gender- based violence, homophobia, discrimination and other intolerances	Promote principle of non- racialism based on principles of meritocracy and diversity.	Enact legislation that is fair to women, proposing 50% women representation in all spheres of economics, politics, management and leadership positions. Offer incentives for companies that provide child care services support. The Eff government will finalise the Criminal Law (sexual offences and related matters)	
	SANITARY PRODUCTS	:	Strengthen youth health services, including access to sanitary towels for girls and young women, including making them available in schools,		 Will fast-track the development of the Sex Work Decriminalisation Bill into Law. The government will implement a 40% preferential procurement plan for women owned businesses Provide sanitary towels to all schools, TVET colleges and universities starting June 2024. 	
6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	ER WATER DE INFRASTRUCTURE		universities and other public spaces. Complete in the coming five years the major dams and water schemes to ensure sustainable access to water for a growing population. Assist municipalities, through our public employment projects, to deal with fixing water leaks. Give national and provincial governments more power to	Involve private companies in water infrastructure projects. Optimise stormwater and urban waterways for flood control and water reuse. Increase amount and quality of wastewater that is treated and reused. Consider dedicated grant for water infrastructure maintenance. Adopt Effect-Based Method for water quality testing.	Produce sanitary pads and distribute them publicly using clinics and hospitals The EFF government will repair, upgrade, and install new water pipes, tanks, and infrastructure necessary to ensure adequate water supply and sanitation to all citizens. Utilise digital technologies to reduce non-revenue water leakages, vandalism and theft of water infrastructure and monitor in real time sewage plants. The government will discontinue private bulk ownership of water infrastructure and ensure access to water for everyone. Constructing storm water drains in every street and introducing attenuation systems 2027 to manage flash flooding and supplement municipal water supply for all uses. Constructing large-scale water projects like dams 2025 to make sure sustainable water supply for all uses. Repairing all water treatment centres and building new facilities in each province 2027 to improve water quality. The government will introduce a National Water Board to	Reverse policies that privilege private capital at the expense of the state in the provision of water infrastructure.
7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY	ESKOM WATE GOVERNANG		intervene when municipalities struggle to provide clear water. Separate water services authorities from water service providers as part of efficiency improvements.	Unbundle and restructure Eskom by moving Eskom away from power generation.	 coordinate and integrate bulk water supply by 2026. Private bulk ownership of water will be discontinued by 2025. Capacitate the Department of Water and Sanitation to have an oversight role in managing water resources. Champion policies that ensure better water conservation. Investigate the abuse of water industries through illegal connections. Removing bureaucratic barriers in water sector funding to allow greater use of public pension funds. Consolidate the generation, transmission and distribution of to be done by Eskom. 	Repeal the unbundling of Eskom.
ب				Change transmission capability of Eskom into a grid and market operator.	To establish a state-owned mining company to manage mines owned by Eskom, ensuring high quality at affordable prices. The EFF government will cancel all fixed-price and cost-plus contracts related to coal mining and supply to Eskom. Eskom to take over the distribution of electricity from municipalities that can not manage their Eskom financial obligations.	
	ENERGY MARKET		Prioritise investment in expanding the transmission grid so that more energy, including from renewable sources, can be supplied. Develop gas, nuclear and hydro power projects for increased energy generation. Fix the current constraint in energy, transport and logistics as important network industries and strategic national assets that are critical to industrialisation, growth and development.	Establish an open electricity market. Prioritise investment in grid infrastructure towards a flexible grid concurrently with programmes to establish new power sources. Ensure diversified and competitive energy sector, including newly establish public and private generators, IPPs and municipal generators. Ensure municipalities in good financial standing are incentivised to generate and buy their own energy. Ensure individuals who produce	Obligations. Will terminate existing contracts with independent power producers and halt the rollout of new contracts. Will support the private sector in new electricity generation with controlled participation of up to 30-40%.	Repeal the Independent Power Producers programme.
	RENEWABLE ENERGY	:	Promote cheaper and subsidised solar power. Prioritise investment in expanding the transmission grid so that more energy, including from renewable sources, can be supplied.	more energy than they need can share their extra power into the grid. Reduce high tariffs on imports of renewable technologies such as PV panels.	The government will focus on building infrastructure that supports wind, solar, hydroelectric, geothermal and biomass energy by 2027. The EFF government will lead the establishment of Eskom's internal renewable energy division.	
8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	ON ENERGY TRANSITION		Mitigate and adapt to the effects of climate change, technological changes and other trends in the context of a just transition and ensure that South Africa's transition to a low-carbon economy supports communities and workers in affected areas, particularly Mpumalanga.	Commit to zero net carbon emissions by diversifying the energy mix. Create a Youth Employment Opportunity Certificate. The	Government to lead job creation by establishing state-owned	Reverse and rescind the un-just transition from coal, renew Eskom's coal fleet and accelerate Eskom's Nuclear Build programme.
	JOB CREATION		Employment Stimulus, funding to CSOs through NPOs, expansion of National Youth Service with SANDF.	certificate will be valid for two years and will be implemented to give unemployed people who have not been employed for 12 months or more the right to exempt themselves from sectoral wage agreements. This policy will make it easier for employers to hire those who have been out of work for long periods of time. Create apprenticeship category in Labour Relations Act to encourage employers to appoint this category.	companies for Housing and Roads, Horticulture and Landscape, Security, and Cleaning. Develop and protect local industries that produce basic goods through an import substitution programme. Establish Special economic zones in six provinces and offer tax exemptions for companies	to work at a wage above the minimum wage.
	YOUTH UNEMPLOYMENT	\odot		Create Youth Unemployment Opportunity Certificate - make it easier for youth to find a job by offering flexible employment terms.	that employee above 2000 people. The government will ensure that 80% of goods and services are locally procured from South African owned companies. Will pass legislation supporting a minimum wage of R6000 for full time employees. Provide an enabling environment in terms of policy, storage & building facilities for street hawkers & small vendors. Enact legislation that government agencies must employ 40% of their budget and procure (50%) goods and services from the youth. Enact legislation that private owned companies should employ 35% of their workforce from the youth. Introduce a monthly job-seekers allowance to youth between 18-35. Multi-Purpose Community- based Centres will be established in all municipalities to offer civic services.	
	RED YOUTH TAPE SERVICE	···	Expand and institutionalise the National Youth Service in partnership with the SANDF and work opportunities for unemployed graduates.	Reduce red tape by introducing One-Stop-Shops to reduce time and cost to start new businesses.	connectivity, and support for job applications. Will institute compulsory military training for youth after matriculation for a period between six to twelve months.	Establish year of military service for every young person 18 years old as an opportunity to fight against youth unemployment, instil patriotism and promote civic values and national culture.
	S EMPLOYMENT REGULATIONS		Increase support for SMMEs,	Overhaul Labour Relations Act. Broadening collective bargaining system to be more representative of bargaining parties. Exempt SMMEs from	Facilitate that small and	Respect labour's hard-won rights and ensure they are not undermined by employers or the government.
	SMMES		including through set-asides for women, youth and persons with disabilities. Ensure development finance institutions are well-capitalised to provide concessional lending to small enterprises and social enterprises, and develop their capacity to support regional development.	administrative extension of bargaining councils. Make labour unions pay a deposit to independent body before they embark on legal strike action to cover damage caused during strikes. Change by-laws and licences to make it easier for informal	medium-sized enterprises are given strategic support.	industries and mining and reorient fiscal policy to support SMMEs in tradeable sectors. Review regulatory barriers that stifle SMMS (and black people, women and youth) Review procurement regulations to encourage participation of SMMEs (and black people
	MINIMUM WAGE	:	Increase minimum wage in line with inflation and ensure compliance.	traders to sell their goods and services.	Will pass legislation that the minimum wage is R6,000 full time worker. Mineworkers: R15,872.52 per month Farm workers: R6,349.01 per month Manufacturing workers: R8,253.71 per month Retail workers: R6,349.01 per month	of SMMEs (and black people, women and youth)
9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE	PORTS, RAILWAYS AND ROADS		Fix constraints in transport and logistics. Fix constraints in transport and logistics. Restructure ports with modern technology to increase efficiency. Mobilise investments in freight rail infrastructure to enhance logistics and shift goods from road to rail. Through public employment programmes fix potholes, pave roads and maintain community and rural roads, as well as other road infrastructure. Ensure a greater role for the South African National Roads Agency (SANRAL) to assist in road maintenance and extension in towns and rural areas.	Make infrastructure a top priority by increasing gross fixed capital formation to 30% of GDP.	Builders: R8,888.61 per month Petrol attendants: R8,253.71 per month Cleaners: R5,714.11 per month Domestic workers: R6,349.01 per month Private security guards: R9,523.51 per month Full-time waiters and waitresses: R5,714.11 per month, and guaranteed tips. Fisheries sector R12 500 per month Establish state-owned companies that provide strategic and financial support. Establish state own: a. housing company b. roads construction company c. rail network construction company d.cement company. Introduce laws that compel private companies to directly contribute to the construction of schools, hospitals, and other important social development projects and programmes. Will develop maintenance for all public infrastructure and will insource all maintenance workers. The government will pave at least 10 000km of national roads, and roads connecting cities, towns and communities.	Reverse the privatisation of the Durban container terminal and bring the Richard's Bay Coal Terminal under full state ownership through Transnet. Scrap and replace National Rail Policy which favours private capital at the expense of the state.
	ИЕТ 11ТҮ		Advance industrialisation as a driver of economic	Implement a plan to ensure all schools have Internet access	The EFF government will increase the ship and cargo holding capacity of Cape Town Harbour, Richards Bay Harbour, East London, and Ngqurha (Port Elizabeth) by 30% by 2027. The government will build 10 new ports spread across the Northern Cape, the East and West Coast. The government will build telecommunications towers in	
	CONNECTIVITY		transformation, with active support for localisation, and high growth and labour intensive industries.	and free digital content.	all regions to eliminate non- network coverage. All public service centres will have high-speed and quality access to the internet. The EFF government will roll out fibre across the country with the goal of universal internet access by 2029. State-led and protected	Restrict export of strategic
	INDUSTRIALISATION AND INDUSTRIAL POLICY		digital sector through universal access to broadband. Support localisation, esp. in high-growth and labour- intensive industries.	industrial policy to enhance competitiveness.	industrialisation, industrial diversification, and the protection of infant and existing industries, by transfer of ownership to black people through subsidies, and increasing in tariffs. Develop and protect local industries that produce basic goods through an import substitution programme.	Create African Exploration Mining Finance Corporation to ensure state leadership in exploration, extraction, processing and marketing of natural resources.
	NATIONALISATION, PRIVATISATION AND RELATED		Protect strategic industries such as steel and advance industries of the future. Invest in large-scale social and economic infrastructure plan. Consolidate industrial and sectoral master plans into a comprehensive industrial policy to drive localisation. Prioritise industrial sectors that are labour intensive. Ensure alignment and coordination across all national departments and provincial and local governments for the implementation of sectoral master plans. Expand the black industrialst programme to support 2.000 companies.	Improve state-owned enterprises through a balanced approach to privatisation. The goal is to make SOEs financially responsible, fostering competition and innovation.	Ensuring that a minimum of 80% of the goods and services procured the state are domestically produced. The government will protect and subsidise companies whose focus advances the Fourth Industrial Revolution. Nationalisation of all mines by 2028 in consultation with the affected stakeholders, who are foreign & local owners, affected communities, and workers. Will establish a South African Mining company to oversee all mining activities. Propose various mechanisms with stakeholders to enhance the capacity of the state to operate in the mining sector. Proposals include private partnerships, long leases, employee ownership programs. Will consolidate all National, Provincial and Municipal state- owned companies under one asset manager	Re-draft the NDP on a scientific basis placing industrialisation, a developmental financial system and optimal use of national resources at the centre. Nationalise strategic mining firms and regulate private capital participation in resource exploitation. Force relisting of major SA companies on the JSE. Nationalise the South African Reserve Bank, and reconstitute it wit a developmental focus, and separate Prudential Authority from the Reserve Bank. Nationalise all large banks and insurance companies.
					asset manager To create state-owned banks in agriculture, retail, housing, mining, insurance and other sectors. The state will revoke all fishing permits to foreign-owned companies and going forward international companies partner with indigenous and coastal communities. Will re-nationalise SASOL and ArcelorMittal	Review and repeal all SOE privatisation agreements. Reverse the privatisation of the Durban container terminal and bring the Richard's Bay Coal Terminal under full state ownership through Transnet. Bring SAA back to 100% state ownership
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	BBBEE AND EMPLOYMENT EQUITY		Promote and monitor employment equity to ensure representation of black people, women and persons with disabilities.	Remove racial targets or quotas in Employment Equity and Preferential Employment Acts.	Nationalise selected construction companies and ensuring a unified procurement system. EFF government will reject the weakening amendments to the BBBEE Act.	Reconstitute vertically integrated system in the steel sector by nationalising Arcelor Mittal. Nationalise SASOL. Move away from the current BEE model which emphasises black people, women, youth and acquisition of minority shares without addressing the underlying control of production, employment and investment decisions.
11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	PUBLIC TRANSPORT EMPLOYM		Promote and monitor employment equity to ensure representation of black people, women and persons with disabilities. Expand black industrialist programme to support 2,000 companies. Strengthen the taxi industry including formalisation, support taxi ownership and businesses in their industry value chains, promote commuter safety and move towards subsidisation of taxi commuters. Modernise commuter rail for efficient and green public transport. Increase affordable rail and other commuter transport.	Replace BBBEE with point system recognising business' contribution to the SDGs.		Create state-owned fund to finance taxi industry and a state-owned taxi and bus manufacturing company.
16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	5M AND LENCE		Fastrack the reinstatement of all existing passenger rail lines, provide security for rail infrastructure and passengers, and develop further passenger rail networks, including highspeed rail.	Develop school and youth awareness programmes, develop community partners and create early detection programmes.	Establish a special unit to deal with gangsterism.	Recapitalize PRASA and re- activate contracts with reliable component manufacturers. Revamp the unused coaches and bring them back into line and engage with foreign partners to provide technical support to get locomotives moving.
	CORRUPTION GANGSTERISM AND AND ETHICS GANG VIOLENCE		Tackle corruption, improve public accountability and strengthen investigation and prosecution capabilities. Ensure greater accountability and prevent corruption	Create Chapter 9 Anti-Corruption Commission, accountable to Parliament, similar to Scorpions. Change reporting of IPID, NPA and Judicial Inspectorate for	Implement robust anti- corruption mechanisms. Amend the constitution to make the National Prosecutions	Increase funding and capacity of the investigative directorate. Ensure that there is a dedicated fight to eliminate corruption
	CO		and prevent corruption through rigorous lifestyle audits and improved vetting procedures, real-time audits of critical projects, using artificial intelligence to improve accountability and transparency and strengthen discipline management. Build a social compact against corruption with law enforcement and citizens, launch public awareness campaigns to educate and encourage reporting, and support community involvement and whistle blower protection. Tackle corruption, improve public accountability, strengthen investigation and prosecution capabilities and ensure severe			
	JUSTICE SYSTEM, PARLIAMENT AND CONSTITUTION	:		Focus judicial selection criteria on qualifications and experience, and set clear and public selection criteria. Clarify role of members of the JSC and reduce number of politicians on JSC. Establish watching briefs for	Will move the Parliament to Pretoria, reduce the number of ministerial posts and remove the deputy ministers' posts. Parliament must not depend on the President to initiate and pass laws. Amend the constitution to	Establish lower house of Parliament comprised of elected representatives and an upper house comprised of traditional leaders. Hold referendum to scrap Constitution and replace with parliamentary system with or without codified constitution.
			Protect judicial independence and increase access to justice. Support institutions that uphold democracy. Strengthen the justice system, including the National Prosecuting Authority (NPA), review the Criminal Procedures Act, reducing case backlogs and delays, support the Legal Aid Board to provide fair access to justice, introduce technology to make court procedures more efficient and accessible, and strengthen the protection of whistleblowers. Ensure effective and humane incarceration of inmates, and, as part of a restorative justice approach, promote the rehabilitation and social reintegration of offenders.	Establish watching briefs for poorly prosecuted crimes, esp. gang violence, rape, farm murders and drunk drives. Watching briefs include appointing trained people to attend court proceedings to identify challenges with policy investigations, prosecutions and court processes. Establish electronic case management system. Ensure that appointment and discharge of National Director of Public Prosecutions not at the sole discretion of the President.	 change the NPA to be a chapter 9 institution. Convert PANSALB to a Chapter 9 institution in terms of the constitution. Parliament to pass the appointment of Governor of SARB, Chapter 9 institutions in terms of the constitution, Boards of SOEs, Commissioner of SARS, SAPS, Inspector General. Lodge a Constitutional Referendum, the EFF will work with traditional leaders, religious leaders and civil society to rectify the constitutional dispensation Implement measures to strengthen the Judicial Services Commission (JSC). Expand the capacity of Chapter 9 Institutions to provide assistance to citizens especially the Office of the Public Protector of South Africa, Human Rights 	
	POLICING	:	Modernise policing with more frontline police officers.	Address under-capacity by reducing bloated senior management. Ensure SAPS appointments and promotions are made on merit.	Commission, and Gender Commission. And have separate budgets for each institution. Amend the Witness Protection Act to make whistleblowing without fear. Impose minimum and life sentences for serious crimes involving law enforcement officers. Provide incentives to police personnel and informers whose	
	S NG	(••) 		Conduct lifestyle audits for all senior police management. Decentralise policing to capable provinces.	evidence prosecutes dangerous criminals. Employee 100,000 more police by 2026. Provide housing for police officers. Introduce a joint operation between all law enforcement agencies to conduct searches for illegal firearms.	
	CRIME POLICI PREVENTION GOVERNAN	:	Take a comprehensive approach to fighting crime through the Integrated Violence and Crime Prevention Strategy. Develop capabilities to combat	Build partnerships between SAPS, private security, neighbourhood watches and other private role players. Strengthen and improve funding for IPID and remove minister's powers of appointment. Move towards evidence-based policing by using proven technologies to prevent, combat and investigate crime. Strengthen SAPS Forensic	Approach crime as a socio- economic issue use job creation to reduce criminal activities. Re-open police stations and	Increase resources to forensic laboratories. Hold a referendum on the death
	PREV		Develop capabilities to combat cybercrime, essential infrastructure crimes, illegal firearms, gang violence, crime syndicates, human and drug trafficking, and corruption. Provide additional capacity to the Hawks to tackle organised crime. Implement a data-driven approach to target violent crime hotspots and direct police resources and personnel to	-	Re-open police stations and satellite offices in specified locations in Gauteng and Mpumalanga.Increase police visibility in all communities through routine and ad hoc programming.Enforce a zero-tolerance approach to drinking and driving with mandatory testing.	Hold a referendum on the death penalty.
	INTELLIGENCE SERVICES			Disband existing State Security Agency and establish new, independent agency.	Incorporate the latest digital technologies to prevent and fight crime. E.g. CCTV, cameras, scanners Restructure the State Security Agency command structure to enhance efficiency, accountability and integrity of SSA. Establish an Ethics Unit within	Foster closer collaboration between police services and crime intelligence.
17 PARTINERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS			Finalise the establishment of a public sovereign wealth fund as a social wealth investment fund that prioritise public benefit through targeted investments	Increase oversight of Parliament, including improved reporting. Increase collaboration between SAPS and new intelligence agency. Commit to no new taxes and prevent hidden tax increases, including by adjusting tax brackets for inflation.	Establish an Ethics Unit within SSA. Establish an Independent Inspector general for intelligence services. Will professionalise the SSA through training and recruitment of qualified individuals. The government will nationalise the Reserve Bank and discontinue its private ownership.	Review tax on traditional industries and mining and reorient fiscal policy to support SMMEs in tradeable sectors.
	PUBLIC FINANCES AND THE FINANCIAL SYSTEM, INCL. TAX		fund that prioritise public benefit through targeted investments in social programmes, infrastructure and sustainable development initiatives. Work towards a state or public banking sector by creating development and sectoral banks focused on specific sectors aligned with industrial policy goals and building a public retail banking system to directly serve the people's needs. Empower provinces to establish	brackets for inflation. Enhance SARS's capabilities. Stabilise public debt through	ownership. Revise tax polices and aim to increase tax revenue by 100% of current annual tax collections.	SMMEs in tradeable sectors. Use macro-prudential, fiscal and monetary policies as short-term macro-economic stabilisers.
			their own financial institutions. Engage and direct financial institutions to invest a portion of their funds in industrialisation, infrastructure development and the economy, through prescribed assets. Empower cooperative banks by removing regulatory barriers to entry, including the review of the National Credit Act and support the growth of cooperative banks.	Stabilise public debt through debt ceilings to limit annual government borrowing.	Introduce a 2% education & training tax for all private companies whose annual revenue is above R50 million. Introduce new taxes including, a progressive luxury goods tax, for automation and robotics products, for game and hunting, etc Establish a multi-disciplinary cross-agency task team independent of SARB, to gather and publish reliable statistical data on illicit financial flows.	Accumulate foreign reserves and set up a Sovereign Wealth Fund to reduce exchange rate volatility. Review mandate and capitalisation of development finance institutions and reorient them towards economic diversification and technological upgrading. Establish network of state- owned banks.
			National Credit Act and support		and publish reliable statistical	Review regulation 28 so that South African savings are used to finance national development.
					In 2026, increase Corporate income tax from 28% to 32%, and dividend tax at 25% Will aim to reduce public debt to 20% of GDP Creating state-owned banks for different sectors - state-owned banks as primary lenders with affordable interact rates	Restrict foreign ownership in financial system. Re-introduce Usury Act limits amended by the Usury Exemption Notice of 1999 in the revised National Credit Act. Remove all negative entries from the Credit Bureau resulting from unsecured/parasitic lending.
	PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	:	Strengthen links between government at all levels, build professional public service based on Batho Pele principles and strengthen District Development Model. Strengthen planning and project implementation capabilities, improve monitoring and evaluation tools and attract, develop and retain skilled personnel across government.	Make political interference in recruitment and selection of public officials illegal. Replace Public Service Act with legal framework that separates party from the state.		
				Review and restructure codes of good practice, incl. code for dismissal to enforce disciplinary action without fear or favour. Conduct lifestyle audits for politicians and officials.	Abolish the age limit of 35 years for government internships and vacancies Will initiate exchange programs for public servants with established leftist-socialist countries e.g. Cuba, China, Venezuela	
				examinations for appointment in the public sector. Introduce Public Service Scholarship Scheme to graduates trained in critical public service skills. Consider establishing dedicated public service training institutes. Reduce number of ministers, deputy ministers and ministerial offices. Create investigative structure to		
	INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS		Increase exports to global and continental markets, esp. through AfCFTA and BRICS Plus. Expand and deepen our trade and investment relations with both developing and developed economies in line with the National Development Plan. Strengthen the country's	Create investigative structure to address fruitless, wasteful and irregular expenditure. Leverage key agreements such as AGAO and SACUM-EU EPA to enhance trade.	Aim to increase trade with African partners by advocating for the removal of borders, and visa requirements	Review all international accords and agreements with a special focus on their impact on our sovereignty. Withdraw from the International Criminal Court.
	BORDER		development cooperation architecture and institutional frameworks to tackle development challenges in Africa and the global South through the United Nation's SDGs and the African Union's Agenda 2063. Overhaul immigration system in line with Draft White Paper on Citizenship, Immigration and Refugee Protection. Locate refugee and asylum		Reevaluate the current immigration policies Implement One Stop Borders to	Work with BRICS to explore alternative currencies and international settlement mechanisms. Assign border control to the military. Improve capacity of the BMA.
	IMMIGRATION AND BORDER PROTECTION		centres close to border post. Regulate employment of foreign workers in line with the National Labour Migration Policy, to give preference to South African job-seekers and act against employment and exploitation of undocumented persons. Ensure that our policies on regional integration and cooperation cover the movement of goods and		Implement One Stop Borders to increase trade flows	Improve capacity of the BMA. Foster collaboration between the BMA and other relevant government agencies.
		ΓΙΟΝ				Stellenbosch